

Measure	Description	Approximate Cutoff (for identifying a problem)	Source
<b>Outliers</b>			
(Internally) Studentized Residuals	Indicates outlier on y.	$t$ (df = $n - p - 1$ ). For quick reference: > 2.5 or 3.0	NWK
Studentized Deleted Residuals	Indicates outlier on y. $i^{\text{th}}$ case removed.	$t$ (df = $n - p - 1$ ). For quick reference: > 2.5 or 3.0	NWK
Leverage ( $h_{ii}$ )	Also called hat values. Multivariable outlier (on x) based on distance from mean of x.	> $2p/n$ . For quick reference: .5 high, .2-.5 mod.	NWK
Mahalanobis	Multivariate distribution outlier on x.	> $X^2$ (df = $p - 1$ , $\alpha = .001$ )	TF
<b>Influential cases</b>			
Cook's Distance	Influence on all coefficients. Partly a function of unstandardized residuals and leverage.	> $4/n$ . Quick reference: substantially larger than 1.	BJ
DFFits*	Based on change in MSE by deleting $i^{\text{th}}$ case. Partly a function of studentized deleted residuals and leverage.	> 1, for small n. > $2\sqrt{p/n}$ , for large n.	BJ
DFBetas*	Change in regression coefficients by deleting $i^{\text{th}}$ case.	> 1, for small n. > $2/\sqrt{n}$ , for large n.	BJ
COVRATIO	Change in the joint confidence region (standard errors) by deleting $i^{\text{th}}$ case. Partly a function of h and studentized residuals.	Substantially larger or smaller than 1. Alternatively, $ \text{COVRATIO} - 1  > 3p/n$ $\text{COVRATIO} > 3p/n + 1$ or $\text{COVRATIO} < 3p/n - 1$	F
<b>Multicollinearity</b>			
Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)	A function of the inflation of the variances of b.	> 6 or 10	NWK
Tolerance	Reciprocal of VIF	< .16 or .10	NWK

(see reverse side of page)